

# **MARC K7.1**

Installation Instructions for UNIX Systems

## MARC Installation and Usage on UNIX machines

This document describes the installation and usage of the MARC programs on UNIX platforms listed in Table 1. The instructions given here require a basic knowledge of the machine on which you are loading the MARC software, no attempt is made to teach the use of UNIX commands.

This document contains a quick installation section intended for experienced MARC users, a section containing details about the installation procedure, a section concerning the usage of the MARC programs and a section about making permanent changes to the MARC programs.

Appendices include a sample installation session and hints about troubleshooting.

If you encounter a problem during the installation, please contact the customer support staff at the nearest MARC office listed below.

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**Table 1 Versions of MARC Running Under UNIX** 

Computer	Operating System Revision	CD-ROM mount command (assumes a directory /cdrom exists)
Digital Equipment Alpha	OSF 4.0 or later	mount -t cdfs /dev/rzuA /cdrom u = CD-ROM unit number, A = a or c
HP 9000-700	HP-UX 9.0 or later	mount -F cdfs /dev/disk/c201dns0 /cdrom n = SCSI controller number for CD-ROM
HP 9000-700, 800	HP-UX 10.0 or later	mount -F cdfs /dev/dsk/c0tnd0 /cdrom n = SCSI controller number for CD-ROM
IBM RS6000	AIX 3.2.5 or later	mount -rv cdrfs /dev/cd0 /cdrom
Silicon Graphics MIPS 4000	IRIX 5.3 or later (32 bit version)	mount -rt iso9660 /dev/scsi/scndul0 /cdrom  n = SCSI controller number, u = CD-ROM unit #  Note that the "l" is a lowercase L.
Silicon Graphics MIPS 5000	IRIX 6.3 or later (32 bit version)	mount -rt iso9660 /dev/scsi/scndul0 /cdrom  n = SCSI controller number, u = CD-ROM unit #
Silicon Graphics MIPS 8000	IRIX 6.2 or later (64 bit version)	mount -rt iso9660 /dev/scsi/scndul0 /cdrom  n = SCSI controller number, u = CD-ROM unit #  The CD-ROM will usually automount to /cdrom or /CDROM
SUN SparcStations	Solaris 2.3 or later	mount -F hsfs /dev/dsk/c0tndus0 /cdrom n = SCSI controller number, u = CD-ROM unit #
SUN SparcStation	Solaris 2.5 or later	Uses automounting to /cdrom

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## Chapter 1: Read me first: Installation Prerequisites

#### Before installing the software

Decide where you want the product to be installed before reading in the MARC software from the CD-ROM. You will be prompted for a parent directory to install the software, which will be referred to as "parent". During the installation, a directory called *marck71*, *install*, and *security* will be created in the directory you specify.

The MARC program requires approximately 100 Mbytes of permanent disk storage capacity.

#### Personal data

During installation, you will be prompted to supply your name, address, telephone number, etc. You will also be asked to enter the client specific administration code (e.g. MARCK71.U0123) which is listed on the accompanying delivery letter. If you have also installed Mentat, enter your Mentat code when prompted. If no codes were provided to you, then leave it blank.

This information will be sent to the MARC office supplying you the installation passwords and is intended to keep your data as known to the MARC company up to date.

#### **Password protection**

The MARC version you have received is protected against illegal usage by means of Globetrotter's FLEXIm licensing software. You *cannot* run the program directly after you have installed the product from the CD-ROM until you obtain passwords from MARC. Passwords will be supplied to you from the nearest MARC office after you have performed the first two steps of the installation procedure. These steps are as follows:

- 1. Run the installation script, install the software from the CD-ROM, and generate a machine specific identifier for the purpose of creating passwords.
- 2. Send the machine specific identifier to the nearest MARC office.
- 3. Upon return of the passwords, enter these by editing the *license.dat* file.

Passwords need normally be entered only once.

# Multiple machines\ NFS Fileserver

If you are installing MARC on an NFS Fileserver, the install script needs to create directories in which to install MARC; the default NFS export options do not allow this level of access by root. Two approaches are possible — do not install as root, or if you must install as root, modify your NFS export options to include ~root=list (where list can include hostnames and netgroups).

#### Should I be "root"?

Normally, there is no need to be logged in as root. However, you will be queried as to whether you want to create an optional *link* by which the MARC program will be known system-wide under the name *marck71*. This link will be placed in the directory /usr/bin to which you must have write permission. Logging in as root is one way of ensuring that you can create this link. Make sure that you have write permission to the installation directory before you start the installation script. Note that on most systems you will have to be root to mount the CD-ROM.

For NFS fileserver networks, read the above paragraph.

#### Fortran compiler

We strongly advise you to have a FORTRAN compiler on your system.

## Chapter 2:

## **Quick Installation Procedure**

### Step 1: Start the install script

<cdrom\_dir>/install\_marc

Run the MARC installation script *install\_marc* from the CD-ROM. Substitute your CD-ROM device name for <cdrom\_dir>. For example, on a SUN this may be /cdrom/cdrom0.

## Welcome to the MARC Installation script

Enter the pathname to the directory to install the software

(<current directory>)

Enter the path for the directory in which you want to install the MARC product(s). The default selection will be your current directory. You must have write permission to this directory.

### Step 2: extract the files from the CD-ROM

#### Main Menu

- 1) Install the MARC program
- 2) Install the Mentat program
- 3) Install Security
- 4) Update Product Scripts
- 5) Un-Install a Product
- 6) Help Information
- 0) Exit from the install script

Selection: 1

Select option 1 to install MARC-K7.1. This will take you to the MARC-K71 submenu.

#### MARC-K71 Menu

- 1.1) Install for DEC OSF 3.2
- 1.2) Install for DEC OSF 4.0
- 1.3) Install for HP-UX 9.05
- 1.4) Install for HP-UX 10.01

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- 1.12) Install for Sun Solaris 2.3
- 1.13) Install for Sun Solaris 2.4
- 1.14) Install for Sun Solaris 2.5
- 1.15) Tools Menu
- 1.16) Help Information
- 0) Return to the previous menu

Selection []:

0) Return to the previous menu

Select the platform that you will be running MARC on. The script will determine a default value, and it will be shown in brackets after the *Selection* prompt. Just press return to use the default value.

You will also be prompted whether you want to create a system wide link in /usr/bin to the marck71 script. You must be root to perform this. Note that other platforms may appear on your menu list that are not shown here.

Choose the Return to previous menu option to return to the main menu.

Step 3: generate system identifier	<ul><li>3) Security submenu</li><li>3.1) Generate system identifier file</li></ul>	Generate system identifier. From the main menu, select option 3, and then option 3.1. You will be prompted for your name, address, etc. You will also be prompted for your license code which is in the accompanying letter; e.g. MARCK71.U0123. If you have also installed Mentat, enter the Mentat license also; e.g. MENT310.U0123.
Step 4: send the system identifier to MARC	<ul><li>3.2) Show system identifier</li><li>3.3) Print the system identifier</li><li>3.4) Send the system identifier</li></ul>	The system identifier is stored in the subdirectory install, under the parent directory, in a file called sid001.dat. Send the contents of this file to the nearest MARC office. In return, you will receive passwords.  You may exit the script now by repeatedly choosing the return/exit option.
Step 5: enter the password	cd "parent"/security vi license.dat chmod 644 license.dat	When you receive the passwords from the MARC office, they should be entered by means of creating the file <i>license.dat</i> file in the <i>security</i> subdirectory using an editor. If the file was E-mailed to you, then save the contents in <i>license.dat</i> See Globetrotter's <i>FLEXIm End User Manual</i> for more information on the license file format.
Step 6: checking	<ol> <li>Install the MARC program</li> <li>1.15) Tools menu</li> <li>MARC Tools Menu</li> <li>Test MARC installation</li> <li>Test the MARC installation</li> <li>Run a MARC job without usersubroutine</li> <li>Trial MARC job with user subroutine</li> </ol>	Start the install_marc script again, and select option 1, "Install the MARC program", and then select the Tools menu, option 1.15. This will bring up a new menu. Select option 1, "Test MARC installation". A new "Test" menu will appear. Run one of the standard MARC demonstration examples as proof of a successful installation by choosing option 1.1. If all goes well, one of the final messages on screen should read:  marc exit number 3004  If you have a FORTRAN compiler on your system, choose a second demonstration example,
Step 7: exit	<ul><li>0) Return to previous menu</li><li>0) Exit from the installation script</li></ul>	option 1.2. Here again, MARC should give a marc exit number 3004.  Repeatedly choose the return/exit option to leave the installation script.

# Chapter 2: Quick Installation Procedure

## Chapter 3:

## **Installation Procedure Information**

Multiple machines/ NFS Servers In the event a cluster of binary compatible machines will be accessing a single, shared disk containing the MARC program, you will need to make sure that the "parent" directory path to the installation is common to all systems that need to access MARC. This can be done using the automount directory path, such as /tmp\_mnt/<hostname>/<parent>. Note that the automounter must be enabled.

If you are installing MARC on an NFS Fileserver, the install script needs to create directories in which to install MARC; the default NFS export options do not allow this level of access by root. Two approaches are possible—do not install as root, or if you must install as root, modify your NFS export options to include ~root=list (where list can include hostnames and netgroups).

Step 1: Start the install script from the CD-ROM Start the installation by running the *install\_marc* script located on the CD-ROM from a "C" or Bourne shell. You should not have your current directory be the CD-ROM device, since temporary files will need to be created.

Decide where the MARC program will be located in the system. This location will be called the parent directory. For example, if you specify the installation path as /usr/software/marc, then /usr/software/marc will be the "parent" directory. It is recommended that you create this directory before you start the installation script. The directories marck71, install, and security will be created when the program is installed.

The install\_marc script will accept the following options:

- -a Turns on automatic installation. The script will install both MARC-K71 and Mentat 3.10 from the CD-ROM. The -i option is required (described below).
- -c <path> Specifies the path to the CD-ROM device. This may also be the path to a NFS mounted CD-ROM. Normally the script will determine the path to the CD-ROM device from the path specified to invoke *install\_marc* on the commandline.
- -v Turns on verbose mode.

The "automatic" installation will install both MARC and Mentat. To perform an "automatic" installation, run the installation script as follows:

/cdrom/install\_marc -a -i <path>

Note that when the "automatic" installation is complete, you will have to run the installation script interactively to generate the system identifier using option 3.1 (see Step 3).

You may want to check the contents against the list supplied in Appendix C of this document. Should any subdirectory be missing, please contact MARC customer support for further details.

Note:

See Table 1 at the beginning of this document for the name of the CD-ROM device for your machine if you can't determine what it is named, or see your systems administration guide.

Step 2: extract the files and set paths Extract the files from the CD-ROM and set the path names in the MARC background files to correspond to the location where you have installed the version. From the main menu list of the install\_marc script, choose option 1 to install MARC, and then select the platform from the MARC-K71 submenu. Note that a default platform selection will be displayed if the script determines that MARC has not yet been installed.

The installation script will then extract the files and then proceed to set the path names in the run\_marc scripts to correspond to the current location of the MARC version.

ranlib

Some MARC-UNIX versions will ask if you want to *ranlib* the MARC binary libraries supplied with the version. This will create a fresh table of contents for the libraries. It is advisable to do this and you need to do it only once.

link

You will also be asked whether the MARC program should be made accessible system wide under the link-name *marck71*. If so, a soft-link file, *marck71*, will be created in the directory /usr/bin.

**Notes:** Not all UNIX versions need the *ranlib*; the question will not appear on them. If you decide to create the link, you

- must be allowed to create the link (e.g., be logged in as root).
- must ensure your users who want to use the MARC program have /usr/bin in their search path.

### Step 3: generate system identifier

Using the installation script *install\_marc*, choose *option 3* from the main menu list. A submenu will appear. Choose *option 3.1* from this submenu to generate the system identifier.

**Note:** When you generate the system identifier, you will be asked to enter your name, address etc. See Appendix A for a sample session.

# Step 4: send to MARC

The system identifier is stored in the subdirectory *install* under the *parent* directory, in a file called *sid001.dat*. The file can be printed using the *install\_marc option 3.3*. Send the printout by means of telefax to the nearest MARC office. If you have access to the E-mail facility, you can mail the system identifiers directly using the *install\_marc option 3.4*.

# Step 5: password

Change your current directory to the subdirectory security under the "parent" directory. If you receive your passwords via email, then save the license data in a file named license.dat in this directory. The permissions for license.dat should be 644, since all users will need read access. If you receive your passwords via telefax, then enter them by means of creating the license.dat file using an editor and typing in the information. The password will consist of at least 3 lines:

"SERVER" line which specifies the system hostname

"DAEMON" line which specifies the vendor specific daemon name and path

"FEATURE" line(s) which specifies the product and options. This line contains the password and the expiration dates.

The run\_marc script uses the following environment variables to locate the license.dat file:

**FLEXDIR** 

LM\_LICENSE\_FILE

The FLEXDIR environment variable typically points to the *security* directory, and the name *license.dat* is appended to it for the full pathname. If the file does not exist, then the environment variable LM\_LICENSE\_FILE is used to obtain the full pathname for the license file.

See Globetrotter's FLEXIm End User Manual for more information on entering your license password.

Note: There is generally no need to start the FlexIm license manager. The run\_marc script will do so.

# Step 6: checking

Run one of the standard MARC demonstration examples as proof of a successful installation. Using the installation script <code>install\_marc</code>, choose <code>option 1.15</code> from the main menu list, and the MARC-K71 <code>maintain</code> menu will appear. Choose option 1 from this menu, and a new menu will appear. Choose <code>option 1.1</code> from this new menu. If all goes well, one of the final messages on screen should read <code>marc exit number 3004</code>. If you have a FORTRAN compiler on your system, choose a second demonstration example by means of the <code>maintain option 1.2</code>. Again, MARC should give a <code>marc exit number 3004</code>.

Note:

Should any of these examples not run, please use the checklist in Appendix B to verify whether the installation was executed correctly. Refer to Chapter 4 of this document for the syntax of run\_marc. Contact MARC customer support if you are still unable to run the examples.

# Step 7: exit

Repeatedly choose the exit option to leave the installation script:

- 0) Exit from the trial submenu
- 0) Exit from the installation script

## Chapter 4:

## **Running MARC**

This section describes the MARC usage on UNIX based machines applicable to either BSD4 or System V machines except where noted. The MARC programs are mainly controlled by a shell script program called **run\_marc** which is stored in the *marck71* subdirectory *tools*. If you have used the option to creating a link during the installation, this shell script is also known system wide as *marck71*. It is designed to handle practically all possible options.

The shell script will submit a job and automatically take care of the file assignments providing that use is made of the default FORTRAN file units as specified in Table 4. Note that the program automatically opens file units 1-36, excluding 26-30. The shell script must be executed in the directory where all relevant input and output files concerning the job are available. To use the shell script, each MARC job should have a unique name qualifier and all MARC output files connected to that job will use this same qualifier.

MARC input files should always be named job\_name.dat, whereby the prefix job\_name is the name qualifier which you are free to choose. The suffix .dat is obligatory.

To actually submit a MARC job, the following command should be used. The single input line is split over multiple lines for clarity:

run_marc	<b>-jid</b> -rid -pid -sid	job_name (required as minimum) restart_name post_name substructure_name
	-prog -user -save	program_name user_subroutine_name save_user_executable
	-queue -ver -vf -def	queue_name verification_flag viewfactor_name defaults_name

Table 2 describes the meaning of these input options and Table 3 gives examples. Table 4 gives FORTRAN file units used.

Table 2 run\_marc Input Options\*

Keyword	Options	Description
-jid (-j)	job_name	Job and input file name identification. Requires job_name.dat for all programs except the curve fit and neutral plot programs.
-prog (-pr)	marc mesh3d pipe plot xcurve xwindow postscript pldump progname	Run marc with or without user subroutine. Run mesh3d. Run pipe. Run plot. Run rubber material curve fit program for X-windows. View MARC plot files on X-window screens. Convert MARC plot files into postscript format Run the postfile conversion program pldump. Run saved executable progname.marc from a previous job.
-user (-u)	user_name	User subroutine <i>user_name</i> . f will be used to generate a new executable program called <i>user_name.marc</i> .
-save (-sa)	no yes	Do not save the new executable program user_name.marc.  Save the executable program user_name.marc for a next time.
-rid -(r)	restart_name	For marc or progname: identification of previous job that created RESTART file.  For pipe and mesh3d: identification of job for which mesh is being prepared.
-pid (-p)	post_name	For marc or progname: identification of previous job that created postfile containing temperature data.  For plot: identification of job that created post file.
-sid (-si)	substructure	Substructure jobs only: name of the substructuring file substructure.t31.
-queue (-q)	background foreground queue name	Run the program in the background. Run the program in the foreground. Submit to batch queue the queue name. Only available for machines with batch queue; e.g., Convex, Cray. Queue names and submit command syntax may differ from site to site, adjust run_marc if necessary.
-back (-b)	yes no	Alternative for -queue: run the program in the background. Run the program in the foreground.
-ver (-v)	yes no	Ask for confirmation before starting the job Will start the job immediately
-pq	0,1,2,etc	Batch queue only: queue priority
-at (-a)	date/time	Batch queue only: delay time for start of job. Syntax: January,1,1994,12:30 or: today,5pm
-cpu	sec	Batch queue only: cpu time limit
vf	vf_filename	Refers to the viewfactor file for a heat transfer radiation analysis.
def	defaults_file	Used to define an auxiallary input file containing default values.
Default option	ns are shown in b	old.

**Table 3 Examples of Running MARC Jobs** 

Examples of running MARC jobs	Description:
run_marc -jid e2x1	Runs the job e2x1 in the background, the input file e2x1.dat resides in the current working directory.
run_marc -jid e2x14 -user u2x14 -save yes	Runs the job $e2x14$ in the background, using the user subroutine $u2x14.f$ and the input file $e2x14.dat$ . An executable program named $u2x14.marc$ will be saved after completion of the job.
run_marc -jid e2x14a -prog u2x14	Runs the job $e2x14a$ using the executable produced by job $e2x14$ .
run_marc -jid e3x2a -ver no -back no	Runs the job $e3x2a$ in the foreground. The job will run immediately without verifying interactively.
run_marc -jid e3x2b -rid e3x2a	Performs a restart job using the results of the previous job $e3x2a$ .

Table 4 FORTRAN File Units Used by the UNIX version of MARC

File name	Unit	Description	Comments
jidname.log	0	Error message output unit	Except HP
jidname.t01	1	Formatted data file	Usually contains mesh
jidname.t02	2	OOC* solver scratch file	random access binary file
jidname.t03	3	ELSTO file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t04	4	Neutral plot file	sequential access binary file
jidname.dat	5	Formatted data input file	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.out	6	Printed output file	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.log	7	Error message output file	HP only
jidname.t08	8	New RESTART file	sequential access binary file
ridname.t08	9	Old RESTART file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t11	11	OOC* solver scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t12	12	OOC* solver scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t13	13	OOC* solver scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t14	14	OOC* solver scratch file	random access binary file
jidname.t15	15	OOC* solver scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t16	16	New POST file (FORTRAN file)	sequential access binary file
jidname.t17	17	Old POST file (FORTRAN file)	sequential access binary file
jidname.t18	18	Formatted data file, optimization table	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.t19	19	New POST file	formatted FORTRAN file
ridname.t19	20	Old POST file	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.t22	22	Subspace iteration scratch file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t23	23	Fluid-solid interaction file	sequential access binary file
pidname.t19	24	Heat data input file	formatted FORTRAN file
pidname.t16	25	Heat data input file (FORTRAN file)	sequential access binary file
sidname.t31	31	Substructure master data file	random access binary file
jidname.t32	32	Secant method file	sequential access binary file
jidname.t34	34	Neutral plot file	formatted FORTRAN file
sidname.t35	35	Substructure file	sequential access binary file
sidname.t36	36	Substructure file	sequential access binary file
*OOC denote:	s Out-(	Of-Core solution.	

Table 4 FORTRAN File Units Used by the UNIX version of MARC

jidname.t41	41	Post output for domain decomposition	sequential access binary file
jidname.t42	42	Post output for domain decomposition	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.t45	45	Design Optimization	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.t46	46	Design Sensitivity or Optimization	sequential access binary file
def.dat	49	Defaults File	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.lck	51	Post File Lock File	formatted FORTRAN file
jidname.cnt	52	Dynamic Control File	formatted FORTRAN file
Environment variable EXITMSG	97	Exit Messages	formatted FORTRAN file
Environment variable USRDEF	98	Global default File	formatted FORTRAN file
Environment variable AFMATDAT	99	Material Database	formatted FORTRAN file

# Chapter 5: Making Changes to the MARC Programs

## The MARC program sizing

The K7 release of MARC uses dynamic memory. As opposed to previous versions of the product, the program will not need to relink if the value on the SIZING parameter is large, or if additional memory is required. If no value for SIZING is entered, the program will initially request NORMAL number of words. The value of NORMAL is given in the *include* file in the *tools* directory. It is set to 5,000,000 words. It may be reset as discussed below. The program will continue to allocate memory as necessary until it reaches a value of MAXSIZE. The value of MAXSIZE is set at 60,000,000 words. If the analysis requires more than MAXSIZE number of words, MARC will select at least one of the out-of-core options, either ELSTO or out-of-core solver.

You may choose to modify the NORMAL size permanently by means of the install\_marc shell script:

cd "parent\_directory"/install
install\_marc

Choose option 1 from the main menu to get you to the MARC menu, and then choose option 1.15 to get you to the tools menu. You will then have a new menu appear. Here, choose option 2 to get into the maintenance submenu. Choose option 2.4 to redefine the default workspace size (NORMAL).

Note that apart from the NORMAL value of the workspace you are also able to set a MAXSIZE to the workspace: option 2.5 of the maintenance submenu. This upper limit should reflect the maximum permissible program size which your computer can handle. Both NORMAL and MAXSIZE are given in single precision words; i.e., four bytes per word.

## The MARC program: permanently replace routine(s)

 $You \ must \ have \ a \ FORTRAN \ compiler \ to \ replace \ MARC \ routines.$ 

The *install\_marc* shell script can be used to replace routines in the MARC program. These updates are usually shipped as separate FORTRAN routines. Copy these files into the *marck71* subdirectory *update*. Next, compile these routines and regenerate the MARC executable:

cd "parent\_directory"/install
install\_marc

Choose option 1 from the main menu to get you to the MARC menu, and then choose option 1.15 to get you to the tools menu. You will then have a new menu appear. Here, choose option 2 to get into the maintenance submenu. Next, choose option 2.2 to compile the updated routines. You will be prompted to supply a list of file names. Finally, execute option 2.3 to generate a new MARC executable. Repeatedly using the exit option will get you out of the script.

## Chapter 6: Managing FlexIm with MARC

#### FlexIm License File

FlexIm is the network based licensing product from Globetrotter Software used in MARC products.

The license file, *license.dat*, should be placed in the "parent"/security directory once you receive your licenses from your nearest MARC office. Everyone should have read permission to the file. The license file has the following format:

Line	Description
SERVER	This line specifies the license server. It has the format:
	SERVER hostname hostid port
DAEMON	This line specifies the name of the vendor daemon (marcd), and the path. It has the format:
	DAEMON marcd "parent"/security
FEATURE	This line lists the feature, or license names. This line <u>cannot</u> be modified from what is sent to you. For your MARC license, it has the format:
	FEATURE marck71 marcd 1.000
USE_SERVER	When used together with the SERVER line, this line is used on the licensed "client system" (as opposed to the license server), to specify that it should obtain a license from the specified license server. It has no options.

## FlexIm License Manager

The run\_marc script will start the Flexlm license manager daemon lmgrd.marc using the rc.lmgrd script located in the security directory. Once lmgrd.marc is running, it will read the license file license.dat which is also located in the security directory. The license file contains the MARC license (and other MARC product licenses, if necessary). In addition, lmgrd.marc will also start the MARC vendor daemon marcd. The path to marcd is specified in the license file on the DAEMON line. These processes must be running on the license server for the MARC security system to obtain a license.

The MARC program will contact these daemons at regular intervals. If no contact is made after a specified time period, then the MARC program will terminate execution.

#### **Environment Variables**

The environment variable FLEXDIR is used to specify the directory containing the *license.dat* file. The variable is set in the run\_marc script, and the default setting is \$DIR/../security, where \$DIR is the path to the MARC-K71 directory. When MARC executes, it will look for the file *license.dat* in the FLEXDIR directory. If it cannot find the file or if it cannot find the marck71 license, then it will check the list of license files specified by the environment variable LM\_LICENSE\_FILE. This environment variable is set in the run\_marc script also, and is a colon separated list of file pathnames. The default setting for this variable is:

LM\_LICENSE\_FILE=\$FLEXDIR/license.dat:/usr/local/flexlm/licenses/license.dat

If you have other products that use FlexIm and they are required to be available when MARC is running (such as a Fortran compiler license), then you should modify the LM\_LICENSE\_FILE setting to point to the proper license file for that product. You may instead want to combine the licenses into one file and change the FLEXDIR setting appropriately.

The FLEXDIR environment variable is also used in the rc.lmgrd script located in the security directory.

Note that because the FLEXDIR environment variable is specified in the **run\_marc** script, you cannot run a MARC job without using the script unless you set the FLEXDIR environment variable in your login shell.

## **Security Directory**

The security directory defaults to "parent"/security. It must be <u>writable</u> by all MARC users since **lmgrd.marc** will write the logfile (security/license.log) to that directory. If you do not wish to have the security directory writable by others, then you must modify the **rc.lmgrd** script to write the logfile to a different location (such as /tmp). You may also want to monitor the size of the logfile, since all Flexlm activity is recorded.

Note: The *license.log* file contains important status information regarding the license manager daemon. Always check this file when you get a security error.

If you move the security directory to a different location, or more specifically if you move **lmgrd.marc** and **marcd**, then you <u>must</u> modify the FLEXDIR environment variable specified in the **run\_marc** script to specify their location.

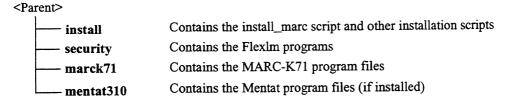
## **Client/Server Licensing**

The default installation assumes that the system in which MARC is installed will function as the *license server*. The term *license server* only refers to the fact that lmgrd.marc and marcd will be running on that system, and will maintain the state of available licenses. Even if you have purchased a nodelocked license, the nodelocked system will function as the license server for that license. A nodelocked license can be distinguished from a floating license since it will have a HOSTID=xxx in the feature line.

If you have purchased a floating license, the system that is to be the license server must be determined before generating the system identification file (sid001.dat). You <u>must</u> generate the system identification file from the license server, since the lmhostid value of the server is needed to generate your passwords. The license file that is returned to you should be placed in the security directory. The client systems can use the same license file, or they can use a brief license file with just the SERVER and USE\_SERVER lines.

### **Product Layout**

When you install MARC you will get the following installation hierarchy:



The environment variable DIR is used to locate the MARC-K71 product, and is set in the include script as follows:

```
DIR="parent"/marck71
```

The environment variables involved with the FlexIm security are set in the run\_marc script as follows:

```
FLEXDIR=$DIR/../security
LM_LICENSE_FILE=$DIR/../security/license.dat
```

## **Appendix A:** Sample Installation of MARC

In this appendix, a sample installation, assuming a single license installation for SGI R8000, is demonstrated.

Step 1: start the installation script on the CD-ROM

<cdrom\_dir>/install\_marc

In most cases, the name of <cdrom\_dir> will be /cdrom or /CDROM. The device name for your CD-ROM may be different, so check your system administration guide. For example, on a SUN the name may be /cdrom/cdrom0.

Step 2: extract the files from the CD-ROM

### Welcome to the MARC Installation script

Enter the pathname to the directory to install the software (<urrent directory>)

enter the path

/opt/marc

#### MARC Installation script for UNIX systems

MARC Analysis Research Corporation

Main menu

- 1) Install the MARC program
- 2) Install the Mentat program
- 3) Install Security
- 4) Update Product Scripts
- 5) Un-Install a Product
- 6) Help information
- 0) Exit from this program

select option 1

Selection: 1

MARC Analysis Research Corporation MARC-K71 Menu

- 1.1) Install for DEC OSF 3.2
- 1.2) Install for DEC OSF 4.0

1.10) Install for SGI R5k IRIX 6.3

1.11) Install for SGI R8-10k IRIX64 6.2

1.12) Install for Sun Solaris 2.3

1.13) Install for Sun Solaris 2.4

1.14) Install for Sun Solaris 2.5

1.15) Tools menu

1.16) Help information

0) Exit from this program

select option 1.11

Selection [1.11]: 1.11

Installing from /cdrom/marck71\_sg\_r8-r10\_62.tar.Z tools/run\_marc file adjusted. tools/include file adjusted.

	make your choice. You must be root to create the link.	The very first time you run the installation script you will need to perform the next step: updating the MARC libraries.  Do you want to ranlib all archives? y  Create a link to the startup file run_marc? y  If you will also be installing Mentat 3.1, then install Mentat before proceeding to the next step.
Step 3: generate a system identifier	select option 3	Security submenu 3.1) Generate system identifier file 3.2) Show the system identifier 3.3) Print the system identifier 3.4) Send the system identifier 3.5) Reset the license manager (Imreread) 3.6) Start the license manager daemon 3.7) Stop the license manager daemon 3.8) Help
	select option 3.1	Selection: 3.1
	If you are installing both MARC and Mentat, enter both of your license codes.	Please enter the following information: Your company name (): PieMontVue Inc. Your department (): Your company address (): 101 Grant St. City and postal code (): Woodsland, Ca 97001 Country (): USA Your name (): Pat Smith Your email address (): psmith@pie.com Your telephone number (): 498 8779221 Your telefax number (): 498 8770101 Current system data: Computer type (SGI): SGI Computer model (IP27): 02 Mentat license code (): MENT310.U0123 MARC license code (): MARCK71.U0123 Any changes (y/n) [n]? n **** Data written in file "/opt/marc/install/sid001.dat". Send this file to MARC
Step 4: send the system identifier to the nearest MARC office	select option 3.3 to print, or 3.4 for E-mail	Selection: 3.4
Step 5: enter passwords	vi license.dat chmod 644 license.dat	When you receive your passwords from MARC, edit or create the "parent"/security/license.dat file and add the license data sent to you. It will consist of at least 3 lines: a SERVER line, a DAEMON line, and a FEATURE line. See Globetrotter's FLEXIm End User Manual for more information.
	select option 0 repeatedly to exit the installation script	Selection : 0 Selection : 0

## Appendix B: Troubleshooting

# Cannot read CD-ROM

- ◆ The device name listed in Table 1 may be incorrect for your system. Please consult your system manager.
- ◆ The CD-ROM device may not be mounted. Please consult your system manager.

#### Cannot create

◆ You have no write permission in the parent directory. Change with chmod.

#### MARC exit 67

MARC was unable to obtain a license from the FLEXIm licensing software. You should first check the FlexIm logfile *security/license.log*. The possible causes for this are:

- ◆ The FLEXIm license manager is missing or can not be executed due to permission problems. Check the log file *license.log* in the *security* directory. Try testing the FLEXIm license server with the command *security/lmstat*. If this fails, consult the *FLEXIm End User Manual*.
- ◆ You are attempting to run on a machine that according to the MARC password(s) you are not allowed to use.
- ◆ Your license period has expired. Check the date on your machine.
- ◆ For counted licenses, currently running too many MARC jobs. Try later. If the limit has not been exceeded, try restarting the license manager, *lmgrd.marc* and the vendor daemon *marcd*. Make sure no other MARC jobs are running.
- ◆ If you have just modified the *license.dat* file, the *lmgrd.marc* and *marcd* daemons may not have been restarted. Run the *lmreread* utility as follows:

lmreread -c "parent"/security/license.dat

◆ If you get the FLEXIm error:

Invalid (inconsistent) license key (-8,130:2) No such file or directory

it may be implying that the hostid value specified on the SERVER line are inconsistent with the passwords. Check the values and restart the license manager.

◆ If you get the FLEXIm error:

Cannot connect to license server (-15,12:146)

and you are using a floating license, the license manager (*lmgrd.marc*) may not be running on the license server, or the USE\_SERVER line in your client side *license.dat* file is incorrect. Also make sure that the TCP/IP port numbers used on the SERVER line are the same on both the client and the server.

If you get the FLEXIm error:

No such feature exists (-5,147)

and your license is limited to certain systems, you may be trying to run on a system that is not licensed for use. Check that the *lmhostid* of the system you are trying to use and that on your *marck71* license is the same.

#### Link failed

- Your user subroutine causes compiler errors.
- ◆ You have no FORTRAN compiler.
- ◆ FORTRAN libraries not available.
- ◆ Check the variable **syslibs** in the file *include* in the *marck71* subdirectory *tools*. It references special system libraries in /usr/lib which may not exist on your system.

## Appendix B: Troubleshooting

## **Appendix C:** MARC subdirectories

The MARC version you have received contains a full set of subdirectories listed below. You can save disk space by removing the subsets that you do not need.

Table 5 Contents of the MARC Distribution CD-ROM\*

Basic set:	Contents: required as minimum	
bin	executable MARC programs	
tools	shell scripts to run and maintain the MARC programs	
/security	FlexIm security files	
Extended set:	Contents: only for use with user subroutines	
AF_flowmat	material data for database	
common	insert files containing MARC common blocks	
lib	binary libraries with the compiled MARC routines	
main	MARC programs main routines	
user	templates for all available MARC user subroutines	
update	empty directory: reserved for updated MARC routines (fixes)	
text	text files of error reports of previous K7.1 release.	
Examples:	Contents: example files	
demo	input files and user subroutines for the MARC demonstration manual E	
benchmark	small set of demonstration examples for performance measurement	
primer	input files for the MARC primer manual	
Utilities:	Contents:	
pldump	source routines for the post-file conversion program pldump	
neutral	source routines for the MARC plot file conversion programs	
curve	source routines for the curve fitting program	
Source code:	Contents: for source code licenses only	
source	source routines for the standard MARC program	
cscource	source routines for the standard MARC program written in C	
solver	source routines for machine dependent solver	
mdsrc	machine dependant routines for the MARC programs	
mesh3d,pipe,plot	source routines for the mesh3d, pipe and plot programs	
*Note that the last set	is available on SOURCE code license tapes only.	

Table 6 Contents of the Security directory unloaded from CD-ROM

Program	Description	
flexusef	A directory containing the FlexIm End User Guide in HTML format.	
flexuser.pdf	The FlexIm End User Guide in Adobe Acrobat 3.0 format.	
flexuser.ps	The FlexIm End User Guide in Postscript format.	
lmcksum	Performs a checksum of the license file	
lmdiag	Diagnose a problem with checking out a license	
lmdown	Shutdowns the license daemons	
lmgrd.marc	The main license manager daemon for FlexIm	
lmhostid	Prints the FlexIm hostid of a system	
lmremove	Allows you to remove a single user's license	
lmreread	Causes the license manager to reread the license file	
lmstat	Helps you monitor the status of all network licensing activities	
lmswitchr	Switches the FLEXadmin log file for the specified feature	
lmutil	The executable to which the FlexIm utilities are linked	
lmver	Lists the Flexlm version of a library or executable	
marcd	The vendor daemon used to pass MARC specific licensing information to lmgrd.marc	
rc.lmgrd	The script that starts lmgrd.marc	
rc_lmgrd	An example script that could be placed in /etc/rc?.d so that lmgrd is started at boot time	
See the FLEXIm I	End User Manual for more information	